## im-mu-ta-ble FreeBSD ĭ-myoo'tə-bəl Experiments building & running immutable infra

Not subject or susceptible to change. Coimbra EuroBSDcon 2023

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## ENEMY OF THE STATE

13

20MM / TGT BRG\* 270 **C** 1 4 7 1

## WILL SMITH GENE HACKMAN

A FILM BY TONY SCOTT

A DON SIMPSON/ JERRY BRUCKHEIMER PRODUCTION

## Principles

## *"idempotent, repeatable, composable, loosely coupled"*

FreeBSD is ideally suited to immutable infrastructure, with powerful primitives

- jails, zfs, boot environments
- poudriere for building complete systems

### minimise runtime tooling and ops effort

- preferring up-front dev effort
- let the network do the heavy lifting
- minimise the moving parts
- automate the deploys
- assume fungible hardware

## Plumbing

- Anycast, BGP
- Load balancers
- Mesh VPN and DNS



## **Juniper**<sup>®</sup>

## <u>Networking – it just work</u>s™

- AnyCast or GeoDNS + healthcheck failover
- 3 global regions (EU, Americas, Asia)
- ISP router provides iBGP within region to servers
- Servers run haproxy to jails
- Jails are linked via ipv6 mesh network

EQUINLX

## BGP using bird

```
1 # http://bird.network.cz/
 2
 3 filter packet bgp {
    if net = {{ net.bgp.public_ipv4 }}/32 then accept;
 4
5 }
 6
  protocol bgp {
 7
 8
     export filter packet_bgp;
 9
     local as {{ net.bgp.local_as }};
10
11
     source address {{ net.private.ipv4 }};
12
     neighbor {{ net.bgp.neighbor }} as {{ net.bgp.upstream as }};
13
     password "{{ net.bgp.md5_password }}";
14 }
```

## The Load Balancer

- Present on each server
- Starts before bird BGP announcer
- sends traffic to nearest "up" jail even if not local
- haproxy has awesome lua integration

397	backend <u>couch_be</u>			
398	option	httpchk	GET /_up	
399	http-check	expect	status 200	
400	http-check	disable-on-40	4	
401	# prefer front	end nodes for	consistent performance and less race	
402	<i>♯</i> condition ris	k from concurr	ent activities on front end nodes	
403	# these vars ar	e set in eithe	r group_vars/all.yml or overridden in	
404	# host_vars/*.y	ml		
405	server	c01_couch [{{	<pre>config.couchdb.nodes.c01 }}]:{{ config.couchdb.port }}</pre>	check observe layer7
406	server	c02_couch [{{	<pre>config.couchdb.nodes.c02 }}]:{{ config.couchdb.port }}</pre>	check observe layer7
407	server	c03_couch [{{	<pre>config.couchdb.nodes.c03 }}]:{{ config.couchdb.port }}</pre>	check observe layer7 back

## Load Balancers have 2 sides

392	frontend couch_fe bind		e.ip.haproxy }}:5984			
393			x-forwarded-port	%[dst_port]		
394	http-response		x-couch	{{ inventory_hostname	33	
395	default_backend	couch_be				
396						
397	backend <u>couch_be</u>					
398	option	httpchk	GET /_up			
399	http-check	expect	status 200			
400	http-check	disable-on-404	4			
401	# prefer front e	end nodes for (	consistent performance and	less race		
402	# condition ris	r from concurre	ent activities on front en	d nodes		
403	# these vars are	e set in eithe	r group_vars/all.yml or ov	erridden in		
404	# host_vars/*.ym	nl				
405	server	c01_couch [{{	config.couchdb.nodes.c01	<pre>}}]:{{ config.couchdb.p</pre>	port }}	check observe la
406	server	c02_couch [{{	config.couchdb.nodes.c02	<pre>}}]:{{ config.couchdb.p</pre>	port }}	check observe la
407	server	c03_couch [{{	config.couchdb.nodes.c03	<pre>}}]:{{ config.couchdb.p</pre>	port }}	check observe la

## Jails

• How to find the jails

- Immutability
- Deployment

# Juniper®

## **Exposing Jail State to LBs**

curl -s localhost:8000 | jq '."jail-information"[][] | select(.name=="www")'

```
#!/bin/sh
while :; do
    json=$(jls -vd --libxo json)
    length=$(echo $json | wc -c)
    printf "HTTP/1.1 200 OK\r\nContent-Length: %s\r\n\r\n%s" \
         $length "$json" \
           nc -1N 8000
                                      Ł
    echo ok
                                        "jid": 6,
done
                                        "hostname": "www",
                                        "path": "/jails/instances/13.2-RELEASE-arm64-aarch64/www",
                                        "name": "www",
                                        "state": "ACTIVE",
                                        "cpusetid": 5,
                                        "ipv4_addrs": [
                                          "100.64.186.216"
                                        ],
                                        "ipv6 addrs": [
                                          "fca2:927d:4d9b:bbdb:fdd2::bad8"
                                        ]
                                      ł
```

## Apps

- Immutability
- Packaging
- Deployment

# Juniper®

## <u>Immutable Apps – a Study</u>

- 2 web servers tested
- 8 databases tested
- many custom applications

• a general approach emerges

## <u>Immutable Apps – a Study</u>

- Databases are much trickier
- More mutable state
- Harder to load balance
- Lots of zfs tricks
  - FoundationDB, CouchDB, MariaDB, Postgresql, Graylog, MongoDB, ElasticSearch, OpenSearch

## Jail & split (im)mutable data

dch@cont:	inuity />	zfs list	-o mounted,canmount,jailed,name,mountpoint  grep -i jail   c	olumn -t
MOUNTED	CANMOUNT	JAILED	NAME	MOUNTPOINT
no	off	off	zroot/jailed	none
no	on	on	zroot/jailed/forgejo	/var/db/forgejo
yes	on	on	zroot/jailed/hedgedoc	/var/db/hedgedoc
no	on	on	zroot/jailed/postgres	/var/db/postgres
no	on	on	zroot/jailed/softserve	/var/db/softserve
yes	on	on	zroot/jailed/sync	/var/db/sync
yes	on	off	zroot/jails	/jails
no	off	off	zroot/jails/downloads	/jails/downloads
yes	on	off	zroot/jails/downloads/13.2-RELEASE-arm64-aarch64	/jails/downloads/13.2-RELEASE-arm64-aarch64
no	off	off	zroot/jails/instances	/jails/instances
yes	on	off	zroot/jails/instances/13.2-RELEASE-arm64-aarch64	/jails/instances/13.2-RELEASE-arm64-aarch64
yes	on	off	zroot/jails/instances/13.2-RELEASE-arm64-aarch64/hedgedoc	/jails/instances/13.2-RELEASE-arm64-aarch64/hedgedoc
yes	on	off	zroot/jails/instances/13.2-RELEASE-arm64-aarch64/invidious	/jails/instances/13.2-RELEASE-arm64-aarch64/invidious
yes	on	off	zroot/jails/instances/13.2-RELEASE-arm64-aarch64/meringovia	/jails/instances/13.2-RELEASE-arm64-aarch64/meringovia
yes	on	off	zroot/jails/instances/13.2-RELEASE-arm64-aarch64/sync	/jails/instances/13.2-RELEASE-arm64-aarch64/sync
yes	on	off	zroot/jails/instances/13.2-RELEASE-arm64-aarch64/www	/jails/instances/13.2-RELEASE-arm64-aarch64/www
no	off	off	zroot/jails/templates	/jails/templates
yes	on	off	zroot/jails/templates/13.2-RELEASE-arm64-aarch64	/jails/templates/13.2-RELEASE-arm64-aarch64

## <u>Immutable Apps – zfs magic</u>

## • Use jailed zfs nested containers

JAILED	CANMOUNT	MOUNTED	MOUNTPOINT
on	off	no	/var/db
on	on	yes	/var/db/graylog
on	on	yes	/var/db/mongodb
on	on	yes	/var/db/opensear

NAME zroot/jailed/graylog\_db /log zroot/jailed/graylog\_db/graylog godb zroot/jailed/graylog\_db/mongodb nsearch zroot/jailed/graylog\_db/opensearch

## Use .zfs/snapshot/\$NAME for backups

root@i09 /u	/h/dch#	cd <u>/gra</u>	aylog/var	/db/gray	log/.zfs/snapshot/
root@i09 /g	/v/d/g/	.z/snaps	shot# l		
total 43					
drwxr-x	4 848	848	5B Jul	7 08:49	20230831-1425:13.2-RELEASE-p1
drwxr-x	4 848	848	5B Jul	7 08:49	20230906-1010:13.2-RELEASE-p2
drwxr-x	4 848	848	5B Jul	7 08:49	20230907-1134:13.2-RELEASE-p2
drwxr-x	4 848	848	5B Jul	7 08:49	) daily-2023-09-10/
drwxr-x	4 848	848	5B Jul	7 08:49	) daily-2023-09-11/
drwxr-x	4 848	848	5B Jul	7 08:49	) daily-2023-09-12/
drwxr-x	4 848	848	5B Jul	7 08:49	0 daily-2023-09-13/

## Immutable Tricks – Summary

- finagle all the config files
- unix sockets & softlinks for /tmp, /var/run etc
- move syslog to network service
- nested zfs datasets for custom perf & tuning
- zfs diff to find mutable locations
- zfs read-only once complete

## **Container Deploys**

## **EXAMPLE VORKS**

## **Deploying Containers**

### What is webhook? O build passing

Ψ

webhook is a lightweight configurable tool written in Go, that allows you to easily create HTTP endpoints (hooks) on your server, which you can use to execute configured commands. You can also pass data from the HTTP request (such as headers, payload or query variables) to your commands. webhook also allows you to specify rules which have to be satisfied in order for the hook to be triggered.

- App source code in git repo
- Push code  $\rightarrow$  generate HMAC signed webhook
- haproxy further restricts webhook origin via mTLS & route protection
- Webhook daemon checks HMAC
  - runs CI script and builds new package
  - requests pkg-based deploy

## HMAC signed Webhooks for Cl

34	# github auto	-deploys for internal proj	jects					
35	- id: github							
36	execute-command: '{{ config.ci.dir }}/src/ansible/github.sh'							
	command-working-directory: '{{ config.ci.dir }}/src/ansible'							
38		mand-output-in-response: f						
39		nment-to-command:						
10	- envname:			trigger-rule:				
11	name:	_ repository.full_name		and:				
12	source:	payload		- match:				
13	- envname:			type: payload-hmac-sha1				
14	name:	head_commit.id	56	secret: {{    config.ci.github_hmac_secret }}				
15	source:	payload		parameter:				
‡5 16		CI USERNAME	58	source: header				
+0 17			59	name: X-Hub-Signature				
	name:	pusher.name	60	- match:				
18	source:	payload	61	type: value				
19	- envname:	CI_USERMAIL	62	value: refs/heads/main				
50	name:	pusher.email	63	parameter:				
	source:	payload	64	source: payload				
			65	name: ref				

## <u>Bonus: Arbitrary plays via Webhook</u>

```
# vim: filetype=yaml
# docs at https://github.com/adnanh/webhook/wiki
- id: ansible
  execute-command: '{{ config.ci.dir }}/src/ansible/deploy.sh'
  command-working-directory: '{{ config.ci.dir }}/src/ansible'
  include-command-output-in-response: false
  pass-arguments-to-command:
  - source: 'payload'
    name: 'play'
  trigger-rule:
    and.
    # ensures payload is secure -- headers are not trusted
    - match:
        type: payload-hmac-{{ config.ci.cabal hmac algorithm }}
        secret: {{ config.ci.cabal hmac secret }}
        parameter:
          source: header
          name: x-cabal-signature
    # allows routing via haproxy
    - match:
        type: value
        value: ansible
        parameter:
          source: header
          name: x-cabal-daemon
```

 $\mathbf{k}_{1}$ 

## Using pkg-create(8)

	name:	indie
	origin:	indie/indie
	0	"Zen practice is to open up our small mind — Shunryu Suzuki"
	arch:	freebsd:13:x86:64
	www:	https://github.com/indiesites/indie
6	maintainer:	root@indiesites.org
	prefix:	/usr/local
8	licenselogic:	single
9	licenses:	[MIT]
0	categories:	[indie]
	conflict:	indie-*
	deps:	{}
	flatsize:	Θ
	options:	{git: "GITSHA"}
	desc:	< <eod< th=""></eod<>
.6		ration from time. For if we open our eyes and see clearly, it
		us that there is no other time than this instant, and that
.8	the past and t	the future are abstractions without any concrete reality.
9		
20	— Alan Watts	
	EOD	
	message:	< <eom< th=""></eom<>

Zen is an effort to become alert and awake - Osho.

## pkg-create(8) and pkg-sign(8)

```
$ pkg create --verbose \
--root-dir ${STAGING} \
--manifest ${MANIFEST} \
--out-dir ${BUILD}
```

```
***
** cp ${ARTEFACT} /ci/var/db/ci/pkg/
** pkg repo -o \
    /ci/var/db/ci/pkg \
    /ci/var/db/ci/pkg \
    /usr/local/etc/ssl/keys/pkg.key
```

```
•••
```

# jexec \$JAIL pkg upgrade -y \$foo

## **Apps Summary**

- Immutable containerised apps via
  - zfs readonly clone of template "/" for jail
  - nullfs RO mounts for config and www data
  - zfs nested datasets for mutable databases
  - syslog-ng outside jail
  - no internal daemons (syslog, cron, ntp ..)
- Immutable deploys via webhooks and pkg-\* tools
- Load balancers and networks make this invisible

## Immutable Servers

Juniper<sup>®</sup> NETWORKS

- ZFS Boot Envs
- Poudriere
- SyncBE deploy

• tarfs(8)

## ZFS Boot Envs

- clone a snapshot of your "/"
- mount it, and edit or update it
- test it in a jail
- activate it and reboot
- woops, roll back, phew!
- app data is separate and intact
- uses zfs properties:
  - zroot/ROOT/...
  - canmount=noauto
  - mountpoint=/
- uses zpool property:
  - bootfs=zroot/ROOT/yolo

dch@akai ~> doas bectl list				
BE	Active	Mountpoint	Space	Create
13.2-RELEASE-p1_2023-08-18_010858			1012K	2023-08
13.2-RELEASE-p2_2023-08-18_011113			2.08M	2023-08
13.2-RELEASE-p2_2023-09-10_213046			468M	2023-09
current			16.8G	2023-0(
thirteen	NR	/	18.7G	2023-0(
dch@akai ~> doas bectl activate -1	t currer	nt		
Successfully activated boot enviro	onment d	current		
for next boot				
dch@akai ~> doas bectl list				
BE	Active	Mountpoint	Space	Create
13.2-RELEASE-p1_2023-08-18_010858			1012K	2023-08
13.2-RELEASE-p2_2023-08-18_011113			2.08M	2023-08
13.2-RELEASE-p2_2023-09-10_213046			468M	2023-09
current	Т		16.8G	2023-0(
thirteen	NR	/	18.7G	2023-0(

## Loader Prompt – IPMI supported



## poudriere-(devel)

- Build FreeBSD from src
- Build packages from ports tree
- Great doc coverage on wiki
- Build deployable images in many formats
  - memstick, iso
  - zfs dataset
  - tarball

## Inputs

- git source & ports tree
- overlay directory for images
  - boot/loader.conf
  - etc/fstab
  - etc/rc.conf.d/sshd
  - etc/resolv.conf
  - usr/local/bin/sync-be \*\*
  - usr/local/etc/pkg/repos/FreeBSD.conf
- a list of packages we want to build
  - sysutils/spiped
  - sysutils/tmux
  - ...

## <u>Usage – OS + Package</u> Build

- # poudriere jail -c -j 13\_2\_builder\_amd64 \
  - -v releng/13.2  $\setminus$
  - -m git+https \
  - -b -K GENERIC
- # poudriere bulk -j 13\_2\_builder\_amd64 \
   -f ./packages.lst

## <u>Usage – Image Build</u>

# poudriere image -t zfs+send+be \

- -j 13\_2\_builder\_amd64  $\setminus$
- -f ./packages.lst \
- -s 4G \
- -h''
- -o /usr/local/poudriere/images/ \
- -c overlay  $\$
- -n \${IMAGE}

## Server Deploys

## **Source Provided Anticipation of Contract States of Contract of Co**

## $\underline{Deploy - curl} \rightarrow BE$

# bectl list

BE Active Mountpoint Space Created

13.1-RELEASE\_2023-03-21\_152313 - - 836K2023-03-21 15:23

default NR / 2.24G 2023-03-21 13:49

# curl -#L https://pkg/images/be202303262144.be.zfs \
 /usr/local/bin/sync-be 13.2-RELEASE /etc/syncbe.conf

• • •

```
received 1.77G stream in 35 seconds (51.7M/sec)
```

## **Config Hacking**

- Same tricks as usual
  - softlinking mutable dirs out into a separate location
  - read-only zfs datasets
  - unix sockets everywhere, or network services
  - nullfs mounts to clean things up
- Works for Appliances, less for Generic Servers
- Dammit.

## Enter sync-be

- Klara Systems tool
  - creates a new boot env
  - from your stdin-supplied zfs
  - mounts it temporarily
  - transfers in your local /etc/ /usr/local/\* changes
  - unmounts the BE
  - temporarily activates it

## Deploy – pristine BE $\rightarrow$ existing state

""
copying boot/loader.conf to /tmp/QilKale4/boot/loader.conf
copying boot/loader.conf.d to /tmp/QilKale4/boot/loader.conf.d
copying etc/login.conf.db to /tmp/QilKale4/etc/login.conf.db
copying etc/pwd.db to /tmp/QilKale4/etc/pwd.db
copying etc/spwd.db to /tmp/QilKale4/etc/spwd.db

copying root to /tmp/QilKale4/root zfs bootenv is successfully written

ready for reboot!

# reboot



- Mount a tarball as a (readonly) filesystem
- Can be jailed & nullfs-mounted
- Built by Klara Systems and Juniper Networks
- Coming in 14.0-RELEASE
- May not be as fast as other filesystems yet
- Only supports plain tarball, or tar+zstd only

## tarfs(8) in action

# mkdir jail

# mount -t tarfs 13.2-RELEASE.tar jail

# mount -t devfs devfs jail/dev

# mount -t tmpfs tmpfs jail/tmp

# jail -cv name=tar path=jail command=/bin/sh
jail\_set(JAIL\_CREATE) persist name=tar path=jail
created

run command in jail: /bin/sh

## tarfs(8) in action

... run command in jail: /bin/sh

# mkdir /coimbra

mkdir: /: No such file or directory

# df -h / /tmp /dev

Filesystem	Size	Used	Avail	Capacity	Mounted on
13.2-RELEASE.tar	929M	929M	ΘB	100%	/
tmpfs	20G	4.0K	20G	0%	[restricted]
devfs	1.0K	0B	1.0K	0%	[restricted]

‡⊧

## Credits & Thanks

- malloc(questions[])
- free(&dave)
- madvise(\*social)

